Salt Creek SANITARY DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2023



SALT CREEK SANITARY DISTRICT Villa Park, Illinois

Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended April 30, 2023

Administrative Office

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Board of Trustees

Robert Taglia, President Ann Marie Testa, Vice President Robert Wagner, Clerk

Administration

James Listwan, Manager Raymond Hoving, Business Administrator

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended April 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Salt Creek Sanitary District Villa Park, Illinois

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying statement of net position of the **Salt Creek Sanitary District**, **Villa Park**, **Illinois** (District) as of and for the year ended April 30, 2023, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois, as of April 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Salt Creek Sanitary District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements (cont'd)

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Salt Creek Sanitary District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of Salt Creek Sanitary District's internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Salt Creek Sanitary District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 – 9 and the multiyear schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios (pages 33 – 34), the multiyear schedule of contributions (page 35) and the schedule of changes in the employer's net OPEB liability and related ratios (pages 36 - 37) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprises the Salt Creek Sanitary District's basic financial statements. The accompanying financial information listed as supplementary information in the accompanying table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information on pages 38 – 47 is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

August 11, 2023

Selden Fox, Exd.



Salt Creek Sanitary District Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2023

As management of the Salt Creek Sanitary District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview to the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- As of April 30, 2023, the assets and deferred outflows of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$9,801,989 (net position). Of this amount, \$4,028,533 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations.
- The District's operating expenses for fiscal year 2023 increased by \$427,098 or 18% from 2022. Salaries, fringe benefits, and utilities increased from the prior year while all other expense categories remained relatively consistent with the prior year expense levels.
- User charge revenues increased by \$246,709 or 8.26% over 2022 primarily due to increased rates.
- Nonoperating revenues increased by \$94,232 primarily due to increased state replacement taxes and increased income from investments.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report includes this Management's Discussion and Analysis report, the Independent Auditor's Report, and the basic financial statements of the District. The financial statements also include notes that explain in more detail some of the information in the financial statements.

Basic Financial Statements

The financial statements of the District report information using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short and long-term financial information about its activities. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and the obligations to the District's creditors (liabilities). It also provides the basis for evaluating the capital structure of the District and assessing its liquidity and financial flexibility.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities. This statement measures the success of the District's operations over the past year, and can be used to determine whether the District has successfully recovered all its costs through its user fees, capital charges, and other non-operating revenues.

Basic Financial Statements (cont'd)

The final required financial statement is the statement of cash flows. The statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investments and capital and financing activities, and provides answers to such questions as where did cash come from, what was cash used for, and what was the change in the cash balance during the reporting period.

Financial Analysis of the District

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the District's activities in a way that helps explain how the District did financially. These two statements report the net position of the District and the changes therein. One can think of the District's net position – the difference between assets plus deferred outflows and liabilities plus deferred inflows – as one way to measure financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, one will need to consider other nonfinancial factors such as changes in economic conditions, population growth, and new or changed government legislation.

Net Position

To begin our analysis, a summary of the District's statement of net position is presented in Table A-1.

Table A-1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

Current and other assets	\$	4,270,539
Capital assets		16,699,578
Total assets		20,970,117
Deferred outflow of resources - pension and OPEB		
amounts		597,128
Long-term liabilities		10,294,827
Other liabilities		1,261,845
Total liabilities		11,556,672
Deferred inflow of resources – pension and OPEB		
amounts		208,584
Net investment in capital assets		5,773,456
Unrestricted		4,028,533
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	9,801,989

Net Position (cont'd)

During 2023, capital assets increased by \$215,801. This increase resulted from additions to the 10-year facility plan as well as software and computers purchased. Long-term liabilities outstanding decreased by \$1,043,410 due to scheduled principal payments on long-term debt (see Note II.C.). Other liabilities decreased by \$20,402 due to a decrease in accounts payable from April 30, 2022.

Table A-2
Condensed Statement of Activities

Operating revenues Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ 3,378,679 (51,336)
Total revenues	 3,327,343
Depreciation expense Other operating expense	 1,105,722 1,746,067
Total operating expenses	 2,851,789
Change in net position	475,554
Net position, beginning of the year	 9,326,435
Net position, end of year	\$ 9,801,989

While the statement of net position shows the change in financial position of the District, the statement of activities provides answers as to the nature and source of these changes. During fiscal year 2023 net position increased by \$475,554.

The District's operating revenues increased by \$246,523 to \$3,378,679 in 2023 due to an increase in user charge rates. Also, non-operating revenues (expense) as shown in more detail on page 12 decreased by (\$94,232) to \$(51,336) primarily due to expenses incurred in relation to consulting for the new facility plan.

The District adopts an annual operating budget following public budget workshops and a public hearing. The operating budget includes proposed expenses and the means of financing them. The District's operating budget remains in effect the entire year, and is not revised except for budget transfers. A fiscal 2023 budget comparison and analysis is presented to management as interim financial statements; budgetary comparison schedules are presented in this report as supplementary information beginning on page 38.

Budgetary Highlights

A fiscal 2023 General Fund budget comparison and analysis is presented in Table A-3.

Table A-3 Budget vs. Actual

	Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues:			
From operations	\$ 3,374,000	\$ 3,378,679	\$ 4,679
Non operating	49,500	168,384	118,884
Total revenues	3,423,500	3,547,063	123,563
Operation expenses:			
Administrative	556,735	529,664	27,071
Operating	842,443	748,130	94,313
Maintenance	328,214	275,174	53,040
Laboratory	75,550	57,877	17,673
Total expenses	1,802,942	1,610,845	192,097
Revenues over expenditures	\$ 1,620,558	\$ 1,936,218	\$ 315,660

Revenues over expenses were over budget by \$315,663 due to the following:

- Favorable variance of revenues from operations and non operating revenues, including \$27,404 more interest than budgeted and \$83,810 more state replacement tax revenue than budgeted for.
- Fringe benefits were \$138,564 higher than anticipated because of decreased pension expense and increased change in OPEB Liability
- Maintenance expenses were \$79,170 lower than expected.
- Contractual services were \$35,140 lower than expected.
- Waste disposal was \$30,331 lower than expected.

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2023, the District had \$16,699,578 invested in capital assets, including wastewater treatment facilities, as shown in Table A-4.

Table A-4 Capital Assets

Wastewater treatment facilities Office and lab equipment Transportation equipment	\$ 37,226,471 299,099 134,038
Total capital assets	37,659,608
Accumulated depreciation	(20,960,030)
Net capital assets	\$ 16,699,578

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found at Note II.B. on page 20 of this report.

Debt Administration

In order to avoid levying a tax for debt service, the District maintains cash and investments in a fund to meet the balance of the current year's debt service requirements. The District believes the most equitable method is collecting for debt service requirements based on billable flow.

Notes payable outstanding at April 30, 2023, amounted to \$10,926,122. This balance represents funds received by the District through the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Revolving Loan Fund Program. Interest on these loans are payable semiannually at rates of 1.75% - 2.50%.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found at Note II.C. on page 21 of this report.

User Rate History

A table summarizing the District's user rate history follows:

Table A-5
District Rate History

Fiscal Year	(P	/olume er 1,000 Gallons)		BOD Per Lb.)	uspended Solids (Per Lb.)
2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021	\$	2.41 2.61 2.81 2.98 2.98 3.08 3.28 3.53 3.83 3.99 4.21 4.50 4.84 5.03 5.50 5.80 5.90	\$ \$.1775 .1775 .1775 .1775 .1775 .1775 .1775 .1775 .1775 .1775 .1775 .1775 .1775 .1775 .1775	\$.1649 .1649 .1649 .1649 .1649 .1649 .1649 .1649 .1649 .1649 .1649 .1649 .1649 .1649 .1649
2022 2023		6.40 7.00		.1775 .1775	.1649 .1649

District Contact Information

This financial report is designed to provide our customers and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and its accountability for the funds it receives. Anyone having questions regarding this report or desiring additional information may contact Raymond Hoving, Business Administrator, Salt Creek Sanitary District, 201 South Route 83, Post Office Box 6600, Villa Park, Illinois 60181 or by phone, 630-832-3637, or by email at info@saltcreeksd.com.

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois Statement of Net Position April 30, 2023

Assets	
Current assets:	
Cash	\$ 1,663,013
Investments	2,409,701
Receivables:	
Accounts	110,791
Replacement taxes	24,043
Accrued interest	4,520
Prepaid assets	58,471
Total current assets	4,270,539
Capital assets, net:	
Not being depreciated	50,062
Being depreciated	16,649,516
Total capital assets, net	16,699,578
Total assets	20,970,117
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred pension amounts	469,767
Deferred OPEB amounts	127,361
Total deferred outflows of resources	597,128
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 21,567,245

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois Statement of Net Position April 30, 2023

Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 53,095
Payroll related liabilities	17,272
Accrued interest payable	63,261
Compensated absences	30,500
Current maturities of long-term debt	1,097,717
Total current liabilities	1,261,845
Long-term liabilities:	
Long-term debt, less current maturities	9,828,405
Compensated absences	64,159
Net pension liability	139,304
Net OPEB liability	262,959
Total long-term liabilities	10,294,827
Total liabilities	11,556,672
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred pension amounts	46,730
Deferred OPEB amounts	161,854
Total deferred inflows of resources	208,584
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	5,773,456
Unrestricted	4,028,533
Total net position	\$ 9,801,989

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois Statement of Activities For the Year Ended April 30, 2023

Operating revenues:	
User charges	\$ 3,234,397
Capital charges	144,282
Total operating revenues	3,378,679
Operating expenses:	
Employee costs:	
Salaries	548,073
Fringe benefits	449,647
Contractual services	76,860
Waste disposal	41,669
Utilities	308,596
Insurance	55,191
Chemicals	11,771
Material and supplies	9,695
Maintenance	113,330
Administrative	131,235
Depreciation	1,105,722
Total operating expenses	2,851,789
Operating income	526,890
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Intergovernmental - state replacement taxes	123,180
Interest income	53,787
Interest expense	(229,803)
Other expense	1,500
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(51,336)
Changes in net position	475,554
Net position, beginning of the year	9,326,435
Net position, end of the year	\$ 9,801,989

See accompanying notes.

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended April 30, 2023

Cash flows from operating activities: Received from customers	\$	3,354,141
Paid to suppliers for goods and services	•	(810,953)
Paid to employees for services		(806,622)
Net cash flows from operating activities		1,736,566
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Investment income received		16,093
Investments purchased		(3,708,755)
Investments matured		2,952,000
Net cash flows from investing activities		(740,662)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Debt retired		(1,073,990)
Interest paid		(234,592)
Purchases of capital assets		(225,409)
Net cash flows from capital and		
related financing activities		(1,533,991)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Replacement taxes received		126,015
Other income received		1,500
Net cash from noncapital financing activities		127,515
Net change in cash		(410,572)
Cash, beginning of the year		2,073,585
Cash, end of the year	\$	1,663,013
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash flows from operating activities:		
Operating income	\$	526,890
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash flows from operating activities:		
Depreciation		1,105,722
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources		(232,764) (761,724)
Changes in:		(101,124)
Receivables		(24,538)
Net pension liability		1,267,004
Other assets		(29,296)
Payables and compensated absences Net OPEB liability		(24,232) (90,496)
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	1,736,566

See accompanying notes.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. The Reporting Entity

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois (District), was organized in 1928, as a municipality, and derives its operating income from an annual appropriation ordinance, taxes if levied, and from user charges for sanitation purification. The District provides purification and treatment of sewage for substantially all of Villa Park, Illinois.

The District includes all funds of its business operations and its component units based on financial accountability. Financial accountability includes appointment of the organization's governing body, imposition of will and fiscal dependency. The accompanying financial statements include only those funds of the District, as there are no other organizations for which it has financial accountability.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The term "measurement focus" is used to denote what is being measured and reported in the District's operating statement. The District is accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus. The fundamental objective of this focus is to measure whether the District is better or worse off economically as a result of events and transactions of the period.

The term "basis of accounting" is used to determine when a transaction or event is recognized on the District's operating statement. The District uses the full accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes, if levied, would be recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The District prepares its financial statements in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 34, "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments" as amended by Statement Number 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position." GASB 34 and GASB 63 require the classification of net position into three components: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (cont'd)

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

Restricted Net Position – This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

Use of Estimates – Preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

C. Assets/Deferred Outflows, Liabilities/Deferred Inflows and Net Position

1. Cash and Investments

For the purpose of reporting cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and demand deposits. Investments in certificates of deposit are stated at cost.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

C. Assets/Deferred Outflows, Liabilities/Deferred Inflows and Net Position (cont'd)

1. Cash and Investments (cont'd)

Under State of Illinois law, the District is restricted to investing funds in specific types of investment instruments. The following generally represent the types of instruments allowable by State of Illinois law:

- Securities issued or guaranteed by the United States.
- Interest-bearing accounts of banks insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
- Short-term obligations (less than 180 days) of U.S. corporations with assets over \$500,000,000 in the three highest classifications by at least two rating agencies.
- Insured accounts of an Illinois credit union chartered under United States or State of Illinois law.
- Money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreements to repurchase these same types of obligations.
- State of Illinois Funds.
- Repurchase agreements that meet instrument transaction requirements of State of Illinois law.

2. Accounts Receivable

All receivables are reported at their gross value, and are deemed fully collectible, since the District's policy is to place liens on properties or request the shut off of water service to collect past due monies.

3. Prepaid Assets

Payments to vendors that will benefit periods beyond the end of the current fiscal year are recorded as prepaid assets. Prepaid assets are recognized as expense when the service or good has been received.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

C. Assets/Deferred Outflows, Liabilities/Deferred Inflows and Net Position (cont'd)

4. Capital Assets

The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life more than two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over estimated asset lives as follows:

Plant buildings and equipment 7-30 years Administration building and improvements 7-50 years Transportation equipment 5-7 years Office equipment 5-10 years

5. Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid vacation and sick pay amounts are accrued when benefits vest to employees, and the unpaid liability is reflected as compensated absences payable.

6. Long-term Obligations

Long-term debt and other obligations of the District are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses at the time of issuance.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

C. Assets/Deferred Outflows, Liabilities/Deferred Inflows and Net Position (cont'd)

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources expense/expenditure until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. All deferred outflows and inflows at April 30, 2023, relate to employee pensions with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) and other post employment benefits. See Note III.C. – Employee Retirement System – Defined Benefit Pension Plan for more detail on these pensions and Note III.D. – Other Post Employment Benefits.

D. Revenues and Expenses

Revenue and expenses are distinguished between operating and nonoperating items. Operating revenues generally result from providing services in connection with the District's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District are fees and capital revenue for wastewater treatment services.

Operating expenses include the costs associated with the conveyance and treatment of wastewater, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

II. Detailed Notes for All Activities and Fund Types

A. Cash and Investments

Deposits – At April 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$1,662,713, and the bank balance was \$1,602,333, of which all was insured or collateralized. In addition, the District has cash on hand of \$300 at April 30, 2023.

Investments – The District's investments consist of US Treasury Securities with a carrying value of \$2,409,701 which approximates the fair value as of April 30, 2023. All investments mature within one year. All investments are held by the bank's agent in the District's name.

Interest Rate Risk – This is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. In accordance with its investment policy, the District manages its interest rate risk by structuring its investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and by investing operating funds primarily in shorter term securities.

Credit Risk – Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of a debt type instrument will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized rating organization. Certificates of deposit insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) are not considered to have credit risk exposure.

Custodial Credit Risk – For deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government will not be able to recover its deposits. All District deposits with financial institutions are fully insured or collateralized. For investments, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. It is the District's policy that investments shall be collateralized by the actual security held in safekeeping by the agent.

II. Detailed Notes for All Activities and Fund Types (cont'd)

B. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the years ended April 30, 2023, is as follows:

	Balance May 1, 2022	Additions	Deletions	Balance April 30, 2023
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land and land improvements	\$ 50,062	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ 50,062
Total capital assets not being depreciated	50,062	2	<u> </u>	50,062
Capital assets being depreciated: Plant, buildings and				
equipment	36,283,495	139,401	=	36,422,896
Administration building	753,513	}	=	753,513
Transportation equipment	134,038	-	-	134,038
Office equipment	222,699	76,400	. <u>-</u>	299,099
Total capital assets being depreciated	37,393,745	215,801	-	37,609,546
Less accumulated depreciation	(19,854,308	(1,105,722)	<u> </u>	(20,960,030)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	17,539,437	(889,921)	<u> </u>	16,649,516
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 17,589,499	\$ (899,921)	\$ -	\$ 16,699,578

II. Detailed Notes for All Activities and Fund Types (cont'd)

C. Long-term Debt

Long-term debt outstanding consists of the following at April 30:

	 2023
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency loan dated May 14, 2004, for \$7,894,744 at 2.5%. Repayment of principal and interest in semiannual installments of \$258,139 with final payment due September 2025.	\$ 1,243,671
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency loan dated June 21, 2012, for \$4,746,660 at 2.295%. Repayment of principal and interest in semiannual installments of \$148,957 with final payment due July 2034.	2,996,191
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency loan dated October 12, 2016, for \$7,974,204 at 1.750%. Repayment of principal and interest in semiannual installments of \$178,585 with final payment due June 26, 2038.	 6,686,260
	\$ 10,926,122

Long-term debt and other liabilities activity during the years ended April 30, 2023, was as follows:

	 Balance May 1, 2022	crease/ roceeds	_	Decrease/ Payments	 Balance April 30, 2023	 Due Within One Year
IEPA loan dated: May 2004 June 2012 October 2016	\$ 1,719,909 3,221,457 7,058,746	\$ - - -	\$	476,238 225,266 372,486	\$ 1,243,671 2,996,191 6,686,260	\$ 488,218 230,466 379,033
Total IEPA	12,000,112	-		1,073,990	10,926,122	1,097,717
Other liabilities: Compensated absences Net OPEB liability	85,353 353,455	 75,647 -		66,341 90,496	 94,659 262,959	 30,500
	\$ 12,438,920	\$ 75,647	\$	1,230,827	\$ 11,283,740	\$ 1,128,217

II. Detailed Notes for All Activities and Fund Types (cont'd)

C. Long-term Debt (cont'd)

Principal and interest maturities of the outstanding debt are as follows:

Fiscal Year	 Principal	Interest	 Total
2024	\$ 1,097,717	\$ 208,367	\$ 1,306,084
2025	1,122,816	184,248	1,307,064
2026	889,343	159,583	1,048,926
2027	646,708	144,079	790,786
2028	659,271	131,515	790,787
2029 – 2033	3,496,207	460,105	3,956,312
2034 - 2038	2,768,742	142,490	2,911,232
2039	 245,318	 2,098	 247,416
	\$ 10,926,122	\$ 1,432,485	\$ 12,358,607

D. Supplemental Cash Flow Disclosure

Capital assets acquired included in accounts payable as of April 30, 2023, amounted to \$12,000. Capital assets acquired during the year ended April 30, 2022, paid for during the year ended April 30, 2023, amounted to \$21,609.

III. Other Information

A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks related to theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, environmental remediation, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover itself against known risks and maintains the following types of insurance: general liability and property, automobile liability, boiler and machinery liability, umbrella liability, national flood insurance, public officials' and employees' liability, treasurer's bond, and terrorism. The District also purchases group insurance to cover its employees as follows: workers' compensation, health, dental, life, and vision. As of April 30, 2023, the District had no outstanding claims, and has not had any insurance settlements exceed commercial coverage.

III. Other Information (cont'd)

B. Deferred Compensation Plan

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan, created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all District employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. All funds are held in trust, and administered by an outside third-party trustee, for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. The District did not make contributions to this plan for the year ended April 30, 2023. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 32, the assets and related liability of the plan are not reported in these financial statements.

C. Employee Retirement System – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit pension plan, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), provides pensions for all full-time employees of the District. IMRF is an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local governments and school districts in Illinois. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI). That report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org.

The IMRF Plan membership consisted of the following at December 31, 2022:

Retirees and beneficiaries	13
Inactive, non-retired members	2
Active members	7
Total	22

III. Other Information (cont'd)

C. Employee Retirement System – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (cont'd)

General Information About the Pension Plan (cont'd)

Benefits Provided – IMRF provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. Participating members hired before January 1, 2011, who retire at or after age 60 with 8 years of service, are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3 percent of their final rate (average of the highest 48 consecutive months' earnings during the last 10 years) of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2 percent of each year thereafter.

Employees with at least 8 years of service may retire at or after age 55 and receive a reduced benefit. For participating members hired on or after January 1, 2011, who retire at or after age 67 with 10 years of service, are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 1-2/3 percent of their final rate (average of the highest 96 consecutive months' earnings during the last 10 years) of earnings, for each year of credited service, with a maximum salary cap of \$123,489 and \$119,892 at January 1, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The maximum salary cap increases each year thereafter. The monthly pension of a member hired on or after January 1, 2011, shall be increased annually, following the later of the first anniversary date of retirement or the month following the attainment of age 62, by the lesser of 3% or ½ of the consumer price index. Employees with at least 10 years of credited service may retire at or after age 62 and receive a reduced benefit. IMRF also provides death and disability benefits.

Contributions – As set by statute, the District's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The District's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2022, was 4.88%. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023, the District contributed \$24,528 to the plan. The District also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

III. Other Information (cont'd)

C. Employee Retirement System – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (cont'd)

Net Pension Liability

For the year ended April 30, 2023, the District's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of that date.

Actuarial Valuation and Assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022, valuation was based on an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2017 – December 31, 2019, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%

Salary increases 2.85% to 13.75%

Investment rate of return 7.25%

Post-retirement benefit increase:

Tier 1 3.0%-simple

Tier 2 lesser of 3.0%-simple or ½ increase in CPI

The actuarial value of IMRF assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 20% corridor between the actuarial and market value of assets. IMRF's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2022, was 21 years.

Mortality Rates – For the actuarial valuation at December 31, 2022, for non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

III. Other Information (cont'd)

C. Employee Retirement System – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (cont'd)

Net Pension Liability (cont'd)

Long-term Expected Rate of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table for the actuarial valuations dated December 31:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equities	35.5%	6.90%
International equities	18%	7.60%
Fixed income	25.5%	4.90%
Real estate	10.5%	6.20%
Alternatives:	9.5%	
Private equity		9.90%
Commodities		6.25%
Cash equivalents	1%	4.00%

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that District contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees for the next 99 years. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (7.25%) was applied to the next 85 periods of projected benefit payments, and then the municipal bond rate of 4.05% (based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating with is published by the Federal Reserve as of December 31, 2022) was utilized, resulting in a single discount rate of 7.25% being used to determine the total pension liability.

III. Other Information (cont'd)

C. Employee Retirement System – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (cont'd)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

Changes in net pension liability (asset) are made up of the following for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	 Total Plan Pension Fiduciary Liability Net Position		Net Pension (Asset) Liability		
Balance 12/3121	\$ 5,266,806	\$	6,394,506	\$	(1,127,700)
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	50,318		-		50,318
Interest	372,976		-		372,976
Differences between expected and actual					
experience	(69,555)		-		(69,555)
Assumption changes	-		-		-
Contributions – employer	-		24,528		(24,528)
Contributions – employee	_		22,619		(22,619)
Net investment income	_		(851,049)		851,049
Benefit payments,			(00.,0.0)		33.,3.3
including refunds of					
employee contributions	(294,928)		(294,928)		_
Other changes	(201,020)		(109,363)		109,363
Other changes	 	-	(103,303)	-	103,303
Net changes	 58,811		(1,208,193)		1,267,004
Balances at 12/31/22	\$ 5,325,617	\$	5,186,313	\$	139,304

III. Other Information (cont'd)

C. Employee Retirement System – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (cont'd)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the plan's net pension (asset) liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the plan's net pension (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	Current							
	1% Decrease (6.25%)		_	count Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)			
Net pension (asset) Liability	\$	707,905	\$	139,304	\$	(338,709)		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plans fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IRMF financial report.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$172,084. The District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources at April 30, 2023:

	Oi	Deferred atflows of esources	Inflows of Inflows		t Deferred oflows of desources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Assumption changes Net difference between projected and actual earnings in pension	\$	24,905 -	\$	46,716 14	\$	(21,811) (14)
plan investments		442,555	-	<u>-</u>		442,555
Subtotal		467,460		46,730		420,730
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date		2,307				2,307
Total	\$	469,767	\$	46,730	\$	423,037

III. Other Information (cont'd)

C. Employee Retirement System – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (cont'd)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (cont'd)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,

2023	\$ (33,566)
2024	51,071
2025	142,885
2026	 260,340
	\$ 420,730

D. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description – The District provides limited health care insurance coverage for its eligible retired employees. Full-time employees who retire and are eligible for a pension under either the IMRF Plan can elect to continue their medical insurance for life by paying the full price of the insurance under the pension plan offered by the District. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the plan. The District accounts for the plan in the government-wide financial statements. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report. The general fund issued to liquidate other post-employment benefit liabilities.

At April 30, 2023, the OPEB Retiree Healthcare Plan membership consisted of:

Total active employees	7
Inactive employees currently receiving benefit	
payments	-
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefit payments	
Total	7

Funding Policy – The retirees are allowed to participate in the same healthcare plan as active employees but must pay their full premium. Premiums are the same for active and retired employees. There is no formal funding policy that exists for the OPEB plan as the total OPEB liabilities are currently an unfunded obligation.

III. Other Information (cont'd)

D. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (cont'd)

Net OPEB Liability

The District's net OPEB liability was measured as of April 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of May 1, 2022, and rolled forward to April 30, 2023.

Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 262,959 -
Net OPEB liability	\$ 262,959

Retiree Lapse Rates – 100% of retirees receiving medical coverage are expected to lapse all coverages at age 65.

Election at Retirement – The percentage of active employees assumed to continue the participation from the active medical plan into the retiree medical plan upon retirement is based on the current population. The percent of the active employees whom have waived active coverage but are assumed to elect retiree medical coverage upon retirement is based on the current population.

Actuarial Valuation and Assumptions – The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of May 1, 2022, rolled forward to April 30, 2023, the measurement date, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases	4.00%
Discount rate	4.14% (3.98% at April 30, 2022)
Investment rate of return	N/A

The mortality rates used were derived from the PubG.H-2010 Mortality Table – General with Mortality Improvement using Scale MP-2020. The health care trend rate by calendar year is as follows:

Fiscal Year	PPO Pla	an	Fiscal Year	PPO Pla	an
2023	7.40	%	2033	5.33	%
2024	7.19	70	2034	5.12	70
2025	6.99		2035	4.91	
2026	6.78		2036	4.71	
2027	6.57		Subsequent	4.50	
2028	6.36				
2029	6.16				
2030	5.95				
2031	5.74				
2032	5.54				

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois Notes to the Financial Statements (cont'd)

III. Other Information (cont'd)

D. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (cont'd)

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability is based on 20-year, S&P Municipal Bond 20 year high grade rate index. The District does not have a trust dedicated exclusively to the payment of OPEB benefit.

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

· ·	 Total OPEB Liability	Pla Fiduc Net Po	iary	et OPEB Liability
Balance 5/1/22 Changes for the year:	\$ 353,455	\$		\$ 353,455
Service cost	10,371		-	10,371
Interest	14,067		-	14,067
Changes of benefit terms	-		-	· -
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	(118,059)		_	(118,059)
Changes in assumptions	`3,125 [°]		-	3,125
Contributions - employer	-		-	-
Contributions – employee	-		-	-
Net investment income	-		-	-
Benefit payments	-		-	-
Administrative expenses	-		-	-
Other changes	 <u> </u>			 -
Net changes	 (90,496)			 (90,496)
Balances at 4/30/23	\$ 262,959	\$		\$ 262,959

The total net OPEB benefit recognized in financial statements amounted to \$28,670. Deferred outflows of resources related to the net OPEB liability totaled \$127,361 and deferred inflows of resources related to the net OPEB liability totaled \$161,854 at April 30, 2023.

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois Notes to the Financial Statements (cont'd)

III. Other Information (cont'd)

D. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (cont'd)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 4.14% (3.98% in the prior year), as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point higher or lower than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (3.14%)		Dis	Current count Rate (4.14%)	-	% Increase (5.14%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$	269,402	\$	262,959	\$	257,176

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rates – The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point higher or lower than the current rate:

	 _		Current		
	 Decrease (Varies)	_	count Rate (Varies)		
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 256,016	\$	262,959	\$	271,436

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Net OPEB Liability

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending April 30,

					Net	Outflow
	0	Outflows		Inflows		Inflow)
2024	\$	35,867	\$	31,636	\$	4,231
2025		35,822		31,636		4,186
2026		35,519		31,623		3,896
2027		18,709		25,016		(6,307)
2028		533		15,530		(14,997)
2029		533		15,438		(14,905)
2030		378		10,975		(10,597)
	\$	127,361	\$	161,854	\$	(34,493)



Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Multiyear Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Calendar Years

		2022	 2021	 2020
Total pension liability:				
Service cost	\$	50,318	\$ 45,731	\$ 47,354
Interest on the total pension liability		372,976	358,937	345,439
Benefit changes		-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(69,555)	71,417	71,535
Assumption changes		-	-	(7,580)
Benefit payments and refunds	_	(294,928)	 (274,535)	 (264,991)
Net change in total pension liability		58,811	201,550	191,757
Total pension liability - beginning		5,266,806	 5,065,256	 4,873,499
Total pension liability - ending	\$	5,325,617	\$ 5,266,806	\$ 5,065,256
Plan fiduciary net position:				
Employer contributions	\$	24,528	\$ 35,549	\$ 37,916
Employee contributions		22,619	21,531	20,707
Pension plan net investment income		(851,049)	982,139	718,517
Benefit payments and refunds		(294,928)	(274,535)	(264,991)
Other		(109,363)	 6,578	 50,248
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(1,208,193)	771,262	562,397
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		6,394,506	 5,623,244	5,060,847
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	5,186,313	\$ 6,394,506	\$ 5,623,244
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	139,304	\$ (1,127,700)	\$ (557,988)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		97.38%	121.41%	111.02%
Covered valuation payroll	\$	502,645	\$ 478,467	\$ 460,151
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered valuation payroll	_	27.71%	-235.69%	-121.26%

Note - The District adopted GASB 68 in the fiscal 2016 and will build a ten-year history prospectively.

See independent auditor's report.

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$ 43,268 334,426	\$ 48,983 323,524	\$ 46,589 319,749	\$ 49,771 310,945	\$ 46,736 302,182
21,885	33,773 121,059	18,327 (134,964)	(59,887) (10,022)	(46,260) - (403,045)
(234,424)	 (216,314)	(184,819)	 (181,019)	 (193,015)
165,155	311,025	64,882	109,788	109,643
 4,708,344	 4,397,319	 4,332,437	4,222,649	 4,113,006
\$ 4,873,499	\$ 4,708,344	\$ 4,397,319	\$ 4,332,437	\$ 4,222,649
\$ 26,201 20,979 845,035 (234,424) 17,300	\$ 46,973 22,274 (265,151) (216,314) 101,646	\$ 55,529 21,069 745,137 (184,819) (92,409)	\$ 168,742 18,885 266,990 (181,019) 32,833	\$ 318,354 19,011 18,994 (193,015) (44,634)
675,091	(310,572)	544,507	306,431	118,710
4,385,756	4,696,328	4,151,821	3,845,390	3,726,680
\$ 5,060,847	\$ 4,385,756	\$ 4,696,328	\$ 4,151,821	\$ 3,845,390
\$ (187,348)	\$ 322,588	\$ (299,009)	\$ 180,616	\$ 377,259
103.84%	93.15%	106.80%	95.83%	91.07%
\$ 466,209	\$ 494,986	\$ 468,203	\$ 419,668	\$ 422,462
-40.19%	65.17%	-63.86%	43.04%	89.30%

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Required Supplementary Information Multiyear Schedule of Contributions - Last 10 Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended April 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution		_		Contribution Covered Deficiency Valuation n (Excess) Payroll		Actual Contrib as a Percent of Covered Valuation Pay	age d	
2016	\$	67,532	\$ 317,532	\$	(250,000)	\$	422,462	75.16	%
2017		63,411	163,411		(100,000)		419,668	38.94	
2018		53,549	53,549		-		480,685	11.14	
2019		46,974	46,974		-		490,310	9.58	
2020		31,114	31,114		-		466,209	6.67	•
2021		37,916	37,916		-		445,468	8.51	
2022		35,550	35,549		1		478,467	7.43	
2023		24,529	24,528		1		530,073	4.63	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

Actuarial Cost Method	Aggregate Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % of Pay (Closed)
Remaining Amortization	
Period	21 Years
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Market; 20% Corridor
Inflation	2.25%
Salary Increases	2.85% to 13.75% Including Inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of
	eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2020 valuation pursuant to
	an experience study of the period 2017-2019.
Mortality	For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female
	(adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected
	using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-
	Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and
	Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements
	projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010,
	Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male
	and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality
	improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

The District adopted GASB 68 during the year ended April 30, 2016, and will build a ten-year history prospectively.

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois Other Post-employment Benefits Retiree Healthcare Plan Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios April 30,

	2023	2022
Total OPEB liability: Service cost Interest Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	\$ 10,371 14,067 3,125	\$ 15,521 6,494 (14,650) (17,472)
Other changes	 (118,059)	 -
Net change in total OPEB liability	(90,496)	(10,107)
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year	353,455	363,562
Total OPEB liability, end of year	\$ 262,959	\$ 353,455
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year		
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year	\$ _	\$ _
Employer's net OPEB liability	\$ 262,959	\$ 353,455
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.00%	0.00%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 502,645	\$ 478,467
Employer's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	 52.32%	73.87%

Note: The District adopted GASB 75 in the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019, and will build a ten-year history prospectively. There is no actuarially determined contribution (ADC) or employer contribution in relation to the ADC as there is no trust that exists for funding the OPEB liabilities.

See independent auditor's report.

2021	2020	2020			
\$ 11,018 1,515 138,209	\$ 1,306 1,951 647	\$	1,203 2,248 1,050		
 (16,618) 167,944	(6,133) (138)		(6,945) 905		
302,068	(2,367)		(1,539)		
61,494	63,861		65,400		
\$ 363,562	\$ 61,494	\$	63,861		
 	-				
\$ 	\$ -	\$			
\$ 363,562	\$ 61,494	\$	63,861		
 _					
0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		
\$ 445,468	\$ 466,209	\$	537,389		
81.61%	13.19%		11.88%		
 01.01%	13.19%		11.00%		

	Budget	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	Φ 0.000.000	A A A A A A A A A A	Φ 5.007	
User charges	\$ 3,229,000	\$ 3,234,397	\$ 5,397	
Capital charges	145,000	144,282	(718)	
Intergovernmental - state replacement taxes	40,000	123,180	83,180	
Interest	1,000	28,404	27,404	
Miscellaneous	8,500	16,800	8,300	
Total revenues	3,423,500	3,547,063	123,563	
Expenditures:				
Administrative	556,735	529,664	27,071	
Operating	842,443	748,130	94,313	
Maintenance	328,214	275,174	53,040	
Laboratory	75,550	57,877	17,673	
Total expenditures	1,802,942	1,610,845	192,097	
Revenues over expenditures	1,620,558	1,936,218	315,660	
Other financing uses - transfers out	(1,613,100)	(1,574,377)	38,723	
Changes in fund balance	\$ 7,458	361,841	\$ 354,383	
Fund balance, beginning of the year		2,059,209		
Fund balance, end of the year		\$ 2,421,050		

Detailed Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Administrative:			
Personnel costs:			
Salaries and wages	\$ 221,700	\$ 225,878	\$ (4,178)
Payroll taxes and fringe benefits	121,435	110,723	10,712
	343,135	336,601	6,534
Contractual services:			
Bank fees	10,200	6,984	3,216
Legal	14,000	10,862	3,138
Audit	20,000	15,059	4,941
Other professional fees	15,100	14,128	972
	59,300	47,033	12,267
Supplies:			
Office supplies	4,000	3,439	561
Computer	10,000	15,422	(5,422)
Office equipment maintenance	3,000	3,337	(337)
Postage	17,000	16,904	96
	34,000	39,102	(5,102)
Utilities - telephone service	1,500	1,611	(111)
Other:			
Advertising	1,500	1,125	375
Meetings	5,000	702	4,298
Permit/assessment fees	85,000	84,971	29
Travel	1,000	1,040	(40)
Dues and subscriptions	3,500	2,179	1,321
Water meter readings	15,700	15,300	400
Uncollectible accounts	2,000	-	2,000
Miscellaneous	100	-	100
Contingency	5,000	<u>-</u> _	5,000
	118,800	105,317	13,483
Total administrative	556,735	529,664	27,071

(cont'd)

Detailed Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis (cont'd) For the Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Operating:				
Personnel costs:				
Salaries and wages	\$ 223,689	\$ 214,202	\$ 9,487	
Payroll taxes and fringe benefits	137,254	106,948	30,306	
Employee training	3,000	505	2,495	
	363,943	321,655	42,288	
Contractual services - engineer fees	15,000	4,800	10,200	
Waste disposal	72,000	41,669	30,331	
Insurance:				
Vehicle insurance	5,000	3,871	1,129	
General insurance	55,000	55,191	(191)	
	60,000	59,062	938	
Supplies:				
Drying bed supplies	5,000	682	4,318	
Supplies	5,000	4,403	597	
	10,000	5,085	4,915	
Chemicals - other chemicals	25,000	11,771	13,229	
Utilities:	E 500	0.044	(4.044)	
Telephone and pager	5,500	6,811	(1,311)	
Electric	250,000 40,000	257,821 28,747	(7,821)	
Natural gas Water	40,000 1,000	38,747 709	1,253 291	
v v alci	1,000	109	231	
	296,500	304,088	(7,588)	
Total operating	842,443	748,130	94,313	

(cont'd)

Detailed Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis (cont'd) For the Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Budget		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Maintenance:				
Personnel costs:				
Salaries and wages	\$ 71,802	\$ 86,185	\$ (14,383)	
Payroll taxes and fringe benefits	47,412	41,730	5,682	
	119,214	127,915	(8,701)	
Materials and supplies:				
Repair materials	5,000	3,506	1,494	
Supplies	5,500	1,793	3,707	
Tools	2,500	1,880	620	
	13,000	7,179	5,821	
Repair and maintenance:				
Outside equipment repairs	60,000	44,232	15,768	
Equipment rental	10,000	-	10,000	
Building maintenance	70,000	76,731	(6,731)	
Software maintenance	20,000	14,609	5,391	
Oil and gasoline	6,000	4,508	1,492	
	166,000	140,080	25,920	
Contingency	30,000		30,000	
Total maintenance	328,214	275,174	53,040	
Laboratory:				
Personnel costs:				
Salaries and wages	23,068	21,807	1,261	
Payroll taxes and fringe benefits	9,482	10,782	(1,300)	
	32,550	32,589	(39)	

(cont'd)

Detailed Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis (cont'd) For the Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Laboratory (cont'd): Contractual services - outside services Materials and supplies	\$	38,000 5,000	\$	25,030 258	\$	12,970 4,742
Total laboratory		75,550		57,877		17,673
Total expenditures	\$	1,802,942	\$	1,610,845	\$	192,097

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois Improvement Fund

	Budget	Actual	F	ariance Positive legative)
Revenues - interest income	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 4,730	\$	4,730
Expenditures - capital outlay	133,400	172,301		(38,901)
Revenues under expenditures	(133,400)	(167,571)		(34,171)
Other financing sources - transfers in	 150,000	 282,720		132,720
Changes in fund balance	\$ 16,600	115,149	\$	98,549
Fund balance, beginning of the year		 363,059		
Fund balance, end of the year		\$ 478,208		

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois Replacement Fund

	E	Budget Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues - interest	\$		\$	2,643	\$	2,643
Expenditures - capital outlay		11,600				11,600
Revenues under expenditures		(11,600)		2,643		14,243
Other financing sources - transfers in		<u> </u>		11,541		11,541
Changes in fund balance	\$	(11,600)		14,184	\$	25,784
Fund balance, beginning of the year				160,463		
Fund balance, end of the year			\$	174,647		

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois Debt Service Fund

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues - interest	\$ -	\$ 18,010	\$ 18,010	
Expenditures - debt service: Principal Interest	1,073,990 234,593	1,073,990 234,593		
Total expenditures	1,308,583	1,308,583		
Revenues under expenditures	(1,308,583)	(1,290,573)	18,010	
Other financing sources - transfers in		1,280,116	1,280,116	
Changes in fund balance	\$ (1,308,583)	(10,457)	\$ 1,298,126	
Fund balance, beginning of the year		1,054,066		
Fund balance, end of the year		\$ 1,043,609		

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois Notes to Supplementary Information

I. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgets

The Board of Trustees follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the supplementary information:

- Administration submits to the Board of Trustees a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing May 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures/expenses and the means of financing them.
- Public hearings are conducted, and the proposed budget is available for inspection to obtain taxpayer comments. The budget is legally adopted through passage of an ordinance.
- Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Trustees.
- All appropriations lapse at year end. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.
- Budgets are adopted on a basis of anticipated revenues to be received in cash, and expenditures to be incurred, under the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis differs from generally accepted accounting principles presented in the statement of activities as follows:

Salt Creek Sanitary District, Villa Park, Illinois Notes to the Supplementary Information (cont'd)

Net changes in fund balances - budgetary basis	\$ 480,717
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (page 12) are different because:	
The budgetary basis reports capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives, as depreciation expense.	
This is the amount of capital outlay in the governmental funds.	203,801
This is the amount of depreciation expense in the government-wide statement of activities.	(1,105,722)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources under the budgetary basis, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources under the budgetary basis. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of the differences in the treatment of long-term debt and accrued interest.	1,078,778
Outflows and inflows related to the net pension liability (asset), as well as the change in the net pension liability (asset), are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not included in the budgeted expenditures.	(153,350)
Outflows and inflows related to the net OPEB liability are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not included in the budgeted expenditures.	(28,670)
Changes in net position (page 12)	\$ 475,554